

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 294 problems in "4.7.2 trig^m (a trig+b trig)^n.m"

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Csc}[x]^2 (a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-b \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]] - a \text{Csc}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$-a \text{Csc}[x] - b \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + b \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 8: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin}[x]^3}{a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 91 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 b x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{b x}{2(a^2 + b^2)} - \frac{a^3 \text{Log}[a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{b \text{Cos}[x] \text{Sin}[x]}{2(a^2 + b^2)} - \frac{a \text{Sin}[x]^2}{2(a^2 + b^2)}$$

Result (type 3, 94 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4(a^2 + b^2)^2} \left(-4 i a^3 x + 6 a^2 b x + 2 b^3 x + 4 i a^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[x]] + a(a^2 + b^2) \text{Cos}[2x] - 2 a^3 \text{Log}[(a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x])^2] - a^2 b \text{Sin}[2x] - b^3 \text{Sin}[2x] \right)$$

Problem 10: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin}[x]}{a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 35 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{b x}{a^2 + b^2} - \frac{a \text{Log}[a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x]]}{a^2 + b^2}$$

Result (type 3, 47 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2(a^2 + b^2)} \left(2(-i a + b)x + 2 i a \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[x]] - a \text{Log}[(a \text{Cos}[x] + b \text{Sin}[x])^2] \right)$$

Problem 16: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\sin[x]^2}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 64 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{(a^2 - b^2)x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{a}{(a^2 + b^2)(b + a \cot[x])} - \frac{2ab \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2}$$

Result (type 3, 121 leaves):

$$\left(-a \cos[x] \left((a + i b)^2 x + a b \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2] \right) + \left(a^3 + a b^2 (1 - 2 i x) - a^2 b x + b^3 x - a b^2 \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]] \right) \sin[x] + 2 i a b \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan[x]] (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]) \right) / \left((a^2 + b^2)^2 (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]) \right)$$

Problem 21: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\csc[x]^3}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 118 leaves, 11 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]}{2a^2} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]}{a^4} - \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]}{a^4} + \frac{3b \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos[x] - a \sin[x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{a^4} + \frac{2b \csc[x]}{a^3} - \frac{\cot[x] \csc[x]}{2a^2} + \frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^3 (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])}$$

Result (type 3, 270 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8a^4 (b + a \cot[x])} \left(-48b \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-b + a \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right] (b + a \cot[x]) + 8a^3 \csc[x] + 8ab^2 \csc[x] - 12a^2 b \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 24b^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 12a^3 \cot[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - 24ab^2 \cot[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 12a^2 b \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 24b^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 12a^3 \cot[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + 24ab^2 \cot[x] \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + a^2 b \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + a^3 \cot[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - a \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 (-4ab \cos[x] + a^2 \cot[x] + b(a - 4b \sin[x])) + 8ab^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 8a^2 b \cot[x] \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)$$

Problem 22: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\sin[x]^3}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 98 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{b(3a^2 - b^2)x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} + \frac{a}{2(a^2 + b^2)(b + a \cot[x])^2} + \frac{2ab}{(a^2 + b^2)^2(b + a \cot[x])} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3}$$

Result (type 3, 114 leaves):

$$\frac{b(-3a^2 + b^2)x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} + \frac{a^3}{2(a - ib)^2(a + ib)^2(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2} + \frac{3ab \sin[x]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])}$$

Problem 24: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin[x]}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2a(b + a \cot[x])^2}$$

Result (type 3, 47 leaves):

$$\frac{2b^2 \sin[x]^2 + a(a + b \sin[2x])}{2a(a^2 + b^2)(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2}$$

Problem 25: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos[x] - a \sin[x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2(a^2 + b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \cos[x] - a \sin[x]}{2(a^2 + b^2)(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2}$$

Result (type 3, 101 leaves):

$$\left((a^2 + b^2) (-b \cos [x] + a \sin [x]) + 2 \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{-b + a \tan \left[\frac{x}{2} \right]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right] (a \cos [x] + b \sin [x])^2 \right) / \left(2 (a - i b)^2 (a + i b)^2 (a \cos [x] + b \sin [x])^2 \right)$$

Problem 29: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sin [c + d x]^{-n} (a \cos [c + d x] + i a \sin [c + d x])^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 66 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{1}{2 d n} i \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1, n, 1 + n, -\frac{1}{2} i (i + \cot [c + d x]) \right] \sin [c + d x]^{-n} (a \cos [c + d x] + i a \sin [c + d x])^n$$

Result (type 6, 2971 leaves):

$$\left(e^{-i n (c + d x) + n \operatorname{Log} [\cos [c + d x] + i \sin [c + d x]]} (\cos [c + d x] + i \sin [c + d x])^{\frac{i n (c + d x)}{\operatorname{Log} [\cos [c + d x] + i \sin [c + d x]]}} (a (\cos [c + d x] + i \sin [c + d x]))^n \sin [c + d x]^{-2 n} \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \left(-\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1 - 2 n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \left(1 + i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^{-2 n} + \left((-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1 - n, -2 n, 1, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right) / \left(\left(i + \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \left(i (-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1 - n, -2 n, 1, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + \left(2 n \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2 - n, 1 - 2 n, 1, 3 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2 - n, -2 n, 2, 3 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right) \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) \right) / \left(d (-1 + n) \left(\frac{1}{2 (-1 + n)} \sec \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 (\cos [c + d x] + i \sin [c + d x])^n \sin [c + d x]^{-n} \left(-\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[1 - 2 n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \left(1 + i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^{-2 n} + \left((-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1 - n, -2 n, 1, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right) / \left(\left(i + \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \left(i (-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[1 - n, -2 n, 1, 2 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + \left(2 n \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2 - n, 1 - 2 n, 1, 3 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + \operatorname{AppellF1} \left[2 - n, -2 n, 2, 3 - n, -i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right], i \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right) \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 - n, -2n, 2, \right. \\
 & \left. 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \Big) - \\
 & \frac{1}{-1 + n} n \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] (\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + i \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^n \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]^{-1-n} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \\
 & \left(-\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - 2n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right. \\
 & \left. \left(1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^{-2n} + \right. \\
 & \left. \left((-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 - n, -2n, 1, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(\left(i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right) \left(i(-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 - n, -2n, 1, 2 - n, \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \left(2n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 - n, 1 - 2n, 1, \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 - n, -2n, 2, \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \Big) \Big) + \\
 & \frac{1}{-1 + n} n (i \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] - \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]) (\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + i \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^{-1+n} \\
 & \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]^{-n} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \\
 & \left(-\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - 2n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right. \\
 & \left. \left(1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^{-2n} + \right. \\
 & \left. \left((-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 - n, -2n, 1, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(\left(i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right) \left(i(-2 + n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 - n, -2n, 1, 2 - n, \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \left(2n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 - n, 1 - 2n, 1, \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 - n, -2n, 2, \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 3 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \Big) \Big) + \\
 & \frac{1}{-1 + n} (\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + i \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^n \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]^{-n} \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \\
 & \left(i n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - 2n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]^2 \right. \\
 & \left. \left(1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^{-1-2n} - \frac{1}{2} (1 - n) \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right. \\
 & \left. \left(-\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - 2n, 1 - n, 2 - n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \right. \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right)^{-1+2n} \left(1 + i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right)^{-2n} - \\
& \left((-2+n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1-n, -2n, 1, 2-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right. \\
& \left.\operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2\right) / \left(2 \left(i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right)^2 \left(i(-2+n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1-n, -2n, 1, \right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.2-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) + \left(2n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, \right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, -2n, 2, \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right) + \\
& \left((-2+n) \left(\frac{1}{2-n} i(1-n)n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, 3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], \right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left. i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 + \frac{1}{2(2-n)} i(1-n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.-2n, 2, 3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2\right) / \\
& \left(\left(i + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right) \left(i(-2+n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1-n, -2n, 1, 2-n, \right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.-i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) + \left(2n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, \right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, -2n, 2, \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right) - \\
& \left((-2+n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1-n, -2n, 1, 2-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \\
& \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, 3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) + \right. \\
& \left.\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, -2n, 2, 3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \\
& \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 + i(-2+n) \left(\frac{1}{2-n} i(1-n)n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, 3-n, \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.-i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 + \frac{1}{2(2-n)} i(1-n) \\
& \left.\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2-n, -2n, 2, 3-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \\
& \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3-n} i(2-n)n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3-n, 1-2n, 2, 4-n, \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.-i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right) \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 + \frac{1}{3-n} i(2-n) \\
& \left.\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[3-n, -2n, 3, 4-n, -i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right]\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 + 2n \left(\frac{1}{2(3-n)} \text{AppellF1}\left[3-n, 1-2n, 2, 4-n, \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. -i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] \text{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 - \frac{1}{2(3-n)} \right. \\ & \quad \left. i(1-2n)(2-n) \text{AppellF1}\left[3-n, 2-2n, 1, 4-n, -i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] \text{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 \right) \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] \Bigg) / \\ & \left(\left(i + \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] \right) \left(i(-2+n) \text{AppellF1}\left[1-n, -2n, 1, 2-n, -i \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \left(2n \text{AppellF1}\left[2-n, 1-2n, 1, 3-n, \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. -i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \text{AppellF1}\left[2-n, -2n, 2, 3-n, \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. -i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right], i \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] \right) \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]^2 \right) \Bigg) \Bigg) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 37: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c+dx]^2 (a \text{Cos}[c+dx] + b \text{Sin}[c+dx]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 24 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c+dx]]}{d} + \frac{b \text{Sec}[c+dx]}{d}$$

Result (type 3, 81 leaves):

$$-\frac{a \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]\right]}{d} + \frac{a \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right]\right]}{d} + \frac{b \text{Sec}[c+dx]}{d}$$

Problem 41: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c+dx]^6 (a \text{Cos}[c+dx] + b \text{Sin}[c+dx]) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 74 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{3a \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c+dx]]}{8d} + \frac{b \text{Sec}[c+dx]^5}{5d} + \frac{3a \text{Sec}[c+dx] \text{Tan}[c+dx]}{8d} + \frac{a \text{Sec}[c+dx]^3 \text{Tan}[c+dx]}{4d}$$

Result (type 3, 207 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 a \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right]}{8 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 a \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right]}{8 d} + \frac{b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5}{5 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 a}{a} + \frac{3 a}{16 d\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2} - \\
 & \frac{16 d\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^4}{a} - \frac{3 a}{16 d\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 51: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^2 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{2 d} + \\
 & \frac{2 a b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]}{d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{2 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 181 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{4 d} \left(8 a b + (-4 a^2 + 2 b^2) \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + \right. \\
 & 4 a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - \\
 & 2 b^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + \frac{b^2}{\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2} + \\
 & \left. 16 a b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]^2 - \frac{b^2}{\left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 53: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]+b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^2 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 120 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{2 d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{8 d} + \frac{2 a b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3}{3 d} + \\
 & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{2 d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 851 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a b \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2}{3 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2} + \\
 & \left((-4 a^2+b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(8 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \\
 & \left((4 a^2-b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(8 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \left(b^2 \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(16 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^4 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \\
 & \left((12 a^2+8 a b-3 b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \\
 & \left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^3 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \\
 & \left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right) (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) - \\
 & \left(b^2 \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(16 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^4 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) - \\
 & \left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^3 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) + \\
 & \left((-12 a^2+8 a b+3 b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right) - \\
 & \left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right) / \\
 & \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right) (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 55: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^7 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 168 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{3 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]-b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{8 d}+\frac{2 a b \sec [c+d x]^5}{5 d}+\frac{3 a^2 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{8 d}-\frac{b^2 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{16 d}+\frac{a^2 \sec [c+d x]^3 \tan [c+d x]}{4 d}-\frac{b^2 \sec [c+d x]^3 \tan [c+d x]}{24 d}+\frac{b^2 \sec [c+d x]^5 \tan [c+d x]}{6 d}$$

Result (type 3, 1175 leaves):

$$\frac{3 a b \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2}{20 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2}+\frac{\left((-6 a^2+b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(16 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left((6 a^2-b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(16 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left(b^2 \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^6 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left((5 a^2+4 a b) \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^4 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left((30 a^2+12 a b-5 b^2) \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(160 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^2 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(10 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^5 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left(3 a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^3 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}+\frac{\left(3 a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)(a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}-\frac{\left(b^2 \cos [c+d x]^2 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^6 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}-\frac{\left(a b \cos [c+d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^2\right)}{\left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)^6 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^2\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(10 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) + \\
 & \left((-5 a^2 + 4 a b) \cos [c + d x]^2 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
 & \left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) - \\
 & \left(3 a b \cos [c + d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
 & \left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) + \\
 & \left((-30 a^2 + 12 a b + 5 b^2) \cos [c + d x]^2 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
 & \left(160 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) - \\
 & \left(3 a b \cos [c + d x]^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
 & \left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 66: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c + d x]^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{d} - \frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{2 d} + \frac{3 a^2 b \sec [c + d x]}{d} - \frac{b^3 \sec [c + d x]}{d} + \frac{b^3 \sec [c + d x]^3}{3 d} + \frac{3 a b^2 \sec [c + d x] \tan [c + d x]}{2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 293 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{12 d} \left(36 a^2 b - 10 b^3 - 6 a (2 a^2 - 3 b^2) \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + 12 a^3 \right. \\
 & \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] - 18 a b^2 \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] + \\
 & \frac{9 a b^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} + \frac{b^3}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} + \\
 & 2 b (18 a^2 - b^2 + 2 b^2 \cos [c + d x] + (18 a^2 - 5 b^2) \cos [2 (c + d x)]) \sec [c + d x]^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 - \\
 & \left. \frac{9 a b^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} + \frac{b^3}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 67: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^5 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^3 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(b+a \cot [c+d x])^4 \tan [c+d x]^4}{4 b d}$$

Result (type 3, 79 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{8 d} \sec [c+d x]^4 \left((6 a^2 b-2 b^3) \cos [2(c+d x)]+a(6 a b+2(a^2+b^2) \sin [2(c+d x)]+(a^2-b^2) \sin [4(c+d x)]) \right)$$

Problem 68: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^6 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^3 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 158 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{2 d}-\frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{8 d}+\frac{a^2 b \sec [c+d x]^3}{d}-\frac{b^3 \sec [c+d x]^3}{3 d}+\frac{b^3 \sec [c+d x]^5}{5 d}+\frac{a^3 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{2 d}-\frac{3 a b^2 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{8 d}+\frac{3 a b^2 \sec [c+d x]^3 \tan [c+d x]}{4 d}$$

Result (type 3, 464 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{1920 d} \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 \left(960 a^2 b + 64 b^3 + 320 (3 a^2 b - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[2(c+d x)] - \right. \\
 & 300 a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + \\
 & 225 a b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - \\
 & 60 a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + 45 a b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+d x)] \\
 & \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - 150 a (4 a^2 - 3 b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] \\
 & \left. \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] \right) + \right. \\
 & 300 a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - \\
 & 225 a b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + \\
 & 60 a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] - \\
 & 45 a b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+d x)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] + 240 a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[2(c+d x)] + \\
 & \left. 540 a b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[2(c+d x)] + 120 a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[4(c+d x)] - 90 a b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[4(c+d x)] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 70: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^8 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 210 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{8 d} - \frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{16 d} + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5}{5 d} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5}{5 d} + \\
 & \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^7}{7 d} + \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{8 d} - \frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{16 d} + \\
 & \frac{a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{4 d} - \frac{a b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{a b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{2 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 637 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{35840d} \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^7 \left(10752a^2b + 1536b^3 + 3584(3a^2b - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[2(c+dx)] - \right. \\ & 4410a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \\ & 2205a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \\ & 1470a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \\ & 735a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \\ & 210a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[7(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + 105a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[7(c+dx)] \\ & \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - 3675a(2a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx] \\ & \left. \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] \right) + \right. \\ & 4410a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \\ & 2205a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[3(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \\ & 1470a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \\ & 735a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[5(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \\ & 210a^3 \operatorname{Cos}[7(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] - \\ & 105a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[7(c+dx)] \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right]\right] + \\ & 4340a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[2(c+dx)] + 6790a^2b \operatorname{Sin}[2(c+dx)] + 2800a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[4(c+dx)] - \\ & \left. 1400a^2b \operatorname{Sin}[4(c+dx)] + 420a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[6(c+dx)] - 210a^2b \operatorname{Sin}[6(c+dx)] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^{10} (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+dx])^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 259 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]]}{16d} - \frac{15a^2b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+dx]]}{128d} + \frac{3a^2b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^7}{7d} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^7}{7d} + \\ & \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^9}{9d} + \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{16d} - \frac{15a^2b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx] \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{128d} + \\ & \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{24d} - \frac{5a^2b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{64d} + \\ & \frac{a^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{6d} - \frac{a^2b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{16d} + \frac{3a^2b \operatorname{Sec}[c+dx]^7 \operatorname{Tan}[c+dx]}{8d} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1924 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 b (-216 a^2 + 23 b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3}{8064 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \left(5 (8 a^3 - 3 a b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(128 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left(5 (8 a^3 - 3 a b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(128 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \left((27 a b^2 + 4 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(1152 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^8 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left((84 a^3 + 108 a^2 b + 63 a b^2 - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(4032 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^6 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left((336 a^3 + 288 a^2 b - 63 a b^2 - 26 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(5376 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^4 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left(5 (504 a^3 + 216 a^2 b - 189 a b^2 - 23 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(16128 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left(b^3 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(144 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^9 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) - \\
 & \left(b^3 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(144 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^9 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left((-27 a b^2 + 4 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(1152 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^8 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left((-84 a^3 + 108 a^2 b - 63 a b^2 - b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(4032 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^6 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \left((-336 a^3 + 288 a^2 b + 63 a b^2 - 26 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(5376 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^4 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) - \\
 & \left(5 (504 a^3 - 216 a^2 b - 189 a b^2 + 23 b^3) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(16128 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(144 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 13 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(1344 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(108 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(2016 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^7 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-108 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(2016 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^7 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-144 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 13 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(1344 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 - \\
& \left(5 \cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-216 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 23 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(8064 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 - \\
& \left(5 \cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-216 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 23 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(8064 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(5 \cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-216 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 23 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(8064 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3 + \\
& \left(5 \cos [c + d x] \right)^3 \left(-216 a^2 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 23 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3 / \\
& \left(8064 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 77: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \cos [c + d x]^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 301 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{5 a^4 x}{16} + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b^2 x + \frac{b^4 x}{16} - \frac{2 a^3 b \cos [c+d x]^6}{3 d} + \frac{5 a^4 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{16 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{b^4 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{16 d} + \\
 & \frac{5 a^4 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{24 d} + \frac{a^2 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{4 d} - \\
 & \frac{b^4 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{a^4 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]}{6 d} - \frac{a^2 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]}{d} - \\
 & \frac{b^4 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]^3}{6 d} + \frac{a b^3 \sin [c+d x]^4}{d} - \frac{2 a b^3 \sin [c+d x]^6}{3 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 178 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{192 d} (12 (a - i b) (a + i b) (5 a^2 + b^2) (c + d x) - 12 a b (5 a^2 + 3 b^2) \cos [2 (c + d x)] - \\
 & 24 a^3 b \cos [4 (c + d x)] - 4 a b (a^2 - b^2) \cos [6 (c + d x)] + 3 (15 a^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 - b^4) \sin [2 (c + d x)] + \\
 & 3 (3 a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 - b^4) \sin [4 (c + d x)] + (a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \sin [6 (c + d x)])
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 84: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^5 (a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x])^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 168 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{d} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{d} + \\
 & \frac{3 b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{8 d} + \frac{4 a^3 b \sec [c+d x]}{d} - \frac{4 a b^3 \sec [c+d x]}{d} + \frac{4 a b^3 \sec [c+d x]^3}{3 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{d} - \frac{3 b^4 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{b^4 \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]^3}{4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 936 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 a b (6 a^2 - 5 b^2) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4}{3 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4} + \\
& \left((-8 a^4 + 24 a^2 b^2 - 3 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \left(8 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \left((8 a^4 - 24 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \cos [c + d x]^4 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(8 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \left(b^4 \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(16 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left((72 a^2 b^2 + 16 a b^3 - 15 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(2 a b^3 \cos [c + d x]^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) - \\
& \left(b^4 \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(16 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) - \\
& \left(2 a b^3 \cos [c + d x]^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left((-72 a^2 b^2 + 16 a b^3 + 15 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(2 \cos [c + d x]^4 \left(6 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 5 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) - \\
& \left(2 \cos [c + d x]^4 \left(6 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 5 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 85: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c + d x]^6 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(b + a \cot [c + d x])^5 \tan [c + d x]^5}{5 b d}$$

Result (type 3, 131 leaves):

$$\left((a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 (10 a b (a^2 - b^2) \cos [c + d x]^2 + (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [c + d x]^3 \sin [c + d x] + b^2 ((5 a^2 - b^2) \sin [2 (c + d x)] + b (5 a + b \tan [c + d x]))) \right) / (5 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4)$$

Problem 86: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c + d x]^7 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 258 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{2 d} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{4 d} + \\ & \frac{b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{16 d} + \frac{4 a^3 b \sec [c + d x]^3}{3 d} - \frac{4 a b^3 \sec [c + d x]^3}{3 d} + \frac{4 a b^3 \sec [c + d x]^5}{5 d} + \\ & \frac{a^4 \sec [c + d x] \tan [c + d x]}{2 d} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \sec [c + d x] \tan [c + d x]}{4 d} + \frac{b^4 \sec [c + d x] \tan [c + d x]}{16 d} + \\ & \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \sec [c + d x]^3 \tan [c + d x]}{2 d} - \frac{b^4 \sec [c + d x]^3 \tan [c + d x]}{8 d} + \frac{b^4 \sec [c + d x]^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{6 d} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1342 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a b (20 a^2 - 11 b^2) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4}{30 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4} + \\ & \left((-8 a^4 + 12 a^2 b^2 - b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \right. \\ & \quad \left. (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / (16 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4) + \\ & \left((8 a^4 - 12 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\ & \quad (16 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4) + (b^4 \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4) / \\ & \quad \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^6 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\ & \left((30 a^2 b^2 + 8 a b^3 - 5 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\ & \quad \left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\ & \left((120 a^4 + 160 a^3 b - 180 a^2 b^2 - 88 a b^3 + 15 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\ & \quad \left(480 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\ & \quad \left(a b^3 \cos [c + d x]^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(5 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) - \\
& \left(b^4 \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(48 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^6 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) - \\
& \left(a b^3 \cos [c + d x]^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(5 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(-30 a^2 b^2 + 8 a b^3 + 5 b^4 \right) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 / \\
& \left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(-120 a^4 + 160 a^3 b + 180 a^2 b^2 - 88 a b^3 - 15 b^4 \right) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 / \\
& \left(480 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x]^4 \left(20 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 11 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(30 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x]^4 \left(20 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 11 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(30 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x]^4 \left(-20 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 11 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(30 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right) + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x]^4 \left(-20 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 11 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \right) / \\
& \left(30 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 88: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c + d x]^9 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 330 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 a^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{8 d} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{8 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c+d x]]}{128 d} + \frac{4 a^3 b \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5}{5 d} - \frac{4 a b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5}{5 d} + \frac{4 a b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^7}{7 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{8 d} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{8 d} + \frac{3 b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{128 d} + \\
 & \frac{a^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{4 d} - \frac{a^2 b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{4 d} + \frac{b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{64 d} + \\
 & \frac{a^2 b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{d} - \frac{b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]}{16 d} + \frac{b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x]^3}{8 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1732 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a b (42 a^2 - 17 b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4}{140 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4} - \\
 & \left(3 (16 a^4 - 16 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \left(128 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \left(3 (16 a^4 - 16 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right] (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(128 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \left(b^4 \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(128 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^8 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \\
 & \left((56 a^2 b^2 + 16 a b^3 - 7 b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(448 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^6 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \\
 & \left((560 a^4 + 896 a^3 b - 256 a b^3 - 35 b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(8960 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^4 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \\
 & \left((1680 a^4 + 1344 a^3 b - 1680 a^2 b^2 - 544 a b^3 + 105 b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(8960 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) + \\
 & \left(a b^3 \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(14 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^7 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) - \\
 & \left(b^4 \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) / \\
 & \left(128 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] \right)^8 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c+d x])^4 \right) - \\
 & \left(a b^3 \operatorname{Cos}[c+d x]^4 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right] (a+b \operatorname{Tan}[c+d x])^4 \right) /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(14 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^7 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(-56 a^2 b^2 + 16 a b^3 + 7 b^4 \right) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(448 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^6 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(-560 a^4 + 896 a^3 b - 256 a b^3 + 35 b^4 \right) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(8960 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(-1680 a^4 + 1344 a^3 b + 1680 a^2 b^2 - 544 a b^3 - 105 b^4 \right) \cos [c + d x]^4 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(8960 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(42 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 17 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(42 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 17 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(7 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 2 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(35 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(-7 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 2 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(35 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(-42 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 17 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4 + \\
& \left(\cos [c + d x] \right)^4 \left(-42 a^3 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 17 a b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^4 \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^4
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 94: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \cos [c + d x]^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 426 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{35 a^5 x}{128} + \frac{25}{64} a^3 b^2 x + \frac{15}{128} a b^4 x - \frac{5 a^2 b^3 \cos [c+d x]^6}{3 d} - \frac{5 a^4 b \cos [c+d x]^8}{8 d} + \\
 & \frac{5 a^2 b^3 \cos [c+d x]^8}{4 d} + \frac{35 a^5 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{128 d} + \frac{25 a^3 b^2 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{64 d} + \\
 & \frac{15 a b^4 \cos [c+d x] \sin [c+d x]}{128 d} + \frac{35 a^5 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{192 d} + \\
 & \frac{25 a^3 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{96 d} + \frac{5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^3 \sin [c+d x]}{64 d} + \\
 & \frac{7 a^5 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]}{48 d} + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]}{24 d} - \\
 & \frac{5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]}{16 d} + \frac{a^5 \cos [c+d x]^7 \sin [c+d x]}{8 d} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^7 \sin [c+d x]}{4 d} - \\
 & \frac{5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x]^3}{8 d} + \frac{b^5 \sin [c+d x]^6}{6 d} - \frac{b^5 \sin [c+d x]^8}{8 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 259 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{3072 d} \left(120 a (a - i b) (a + i b) (7 a^2 + 3 b^2) (c + d x) - \right. \\
 & 24 b (35 a^4 + 30 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4) \cos [2 (c + d x)] + 12 b (-35 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [4 (c + d x)] + \\
 & 8 b (-15 a^4 + 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [6 (c + d x)] - 3 b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [8 (c + d x)] + \\
 & 96 a^3 (7 a^2 + 5 b^2) \sin [2 (c + d x)] + 24 a (7 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 - 5 b^4) \sin [4 (c + d x)] + \\
 & \left. 32 a^3 (a^2 - 5 b^2) \sin [6 (c + d x)] + 3 a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \sin [8 (c + d x)] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 98: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x] (a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 170 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{8} a (3 a^4 + 10 a^2 b^2 + 15 b^4) x - \frac{b^5 \operatorname{Log}[\sin [c+d x]]}{d} + \frac{b^5 \operatorname{Log}[\tan [c+d x]]}{d} + \\
 & \frac{(4 b (5 a^4 - b^4) + 5 a (a^2 - 3 b^2) (a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Cot}[c+d x]) \sin [c+d x]^2}{8 d} - \frac{1}{4 d} \\
 & (b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) + a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \operatorname{Cot}[c+d x]) \sin [c+d x]^4
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 408 leaves):

$$\frac{a (3 a^4 + 10 a^2 b^2 + 15 b^4) (c + d x) \cos [c + d x]^5 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5}{8 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5} -$$

$$\frac{(b (5 a^4 + 10 a^2 b^2 - 3 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^5 \cos [2 (c + d x)] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5)}{(8 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5)} -$$

$$\frac{(b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos [c + d x]^5 \cos [4 (c + d x)] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5)}{(32 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5)} - \frac{b^5 \cos [c + d x]^5 \log [\cos [c + d x]] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5}{d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{a (a^4 - 5 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^5 \sin [2 (c + d x)] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5}{4 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{(a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \cos [c + d x]^5 \sin [4 (c + d x)] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5)}{(32 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5)}$$

Problem 99: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c + d x]^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 205 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\frac{5 a b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c + d x]]}{d} - \frac{10 a^2 b^3 \cos [c + d x]}{d} + \frac{2 b^5 \cos [c + d x]}{d} - \frac{5 a^4 b \cos [c + d x]^3}{3 d} +$$

$$\frac{10 a^2 b^3 \cos [c + d x]^3}{3 d} - \frac{b^5 \cos [c + d x]^3}{3 d} + \frac{b^5 \sec [c + d x]}{d} + \frac{a^5 \sin [c + d x]}{d} -$$

$$\frac{5 a b^4 \sin [c + d x]}{d} - \frac{a^5 \sin [c + d x]^3}{3 d} + \frac{10 a^3 b^2 \sin [c + d x]^3}{3 d} - \frac{5 a b^4 \sin [c + d x]^3}{3 d}$$

Result (type 3, 632 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b^5 \cos [c+d x]^5 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} - \frac{b (5 a^4+30 a^2 b^2-7 b^4) \cos [c+d x]^6 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{4 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} - \\
 & \frac{(b (5 a^4-10 a^2 b^2+b^4) \cos [c+d x]^5 \cos [3(c+d x)] (a+b \tan [c+d x])^5)}{(12 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5)} / \\
 & \frac{\left(5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)} + \\
 & \frac{\left(5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)} + \left(b^5 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right) / \\
 & \frac{\left(d\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]-\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)(a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(b^5 \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)} / \\
 & \frac{\left(d\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]+\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(c+d x)\right]\right)(a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(a\left(3 a^4+10 a^2 b^2-25 b^4\right) \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [c+d x](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)} / \\
 & \frac{\left(4 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(a\left(a^4-10 a^2 b^2+5 b^4\right) \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [3(c+d x)](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)} / \\
 & \frac{\left(12 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(12 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 100: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^3 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 169 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} a \left(a^4+10 a^2 b^2-15 b^4\right) x - \frac{2 b^3\left(5 a^2-b^2\right) \operatorname{Log}[\sin [c+d x]]}{d} + \frac{2 b^3\left(5 a^2-b^2\right) \operatorname{Log}[\tan [c+d x]]}{d} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2 d}\left(b\left(5 a^4-10 a^2 b^2+b^4\right)+a\left(a^4-10 a^2 b^2+5 b^4\right) \cot [c+d x]\right) \sin [c+d x]^2 + \\
 & \frac{5 a b^4 \tan [c+d x]}{d} + \frac{b^5 \tan [c+d x]^2}{2 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 382 leaves):

$$\frac{b^5 \cos [c+d x]^3 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{2 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{a\left(a^4+10 a^2 b^2-15 b^4\right)(c+d x) \cos [c+d x]^5 (a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{2 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} -$$

$$\frac{\left(b\left(5 a^4-10 a^2 b^2+b^4\right) \cos [c+d x]^5 \cos [2(c+d x)](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(4 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)} -$$

$$\frac{2\left(5 a^2 b^3-b^5\right) \cos [c+d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}[\cos [c+d x]](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{5 a b^4 \cos [c+d x]^4 \sin [c+d x](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5}{d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{\left(a\left(a^4-10 a^2 b^2+5 b^4\right) \cos [c+d x]^5 \sin [2(c+d x)](a+b \tan [c+d x])^5\right)}{\left(4 d (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5\right)}$$

Problem 101: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sec [c+d x]^4 (a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x])^5 d x$$

Optimal (type 3, 204 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\frac{10 a^3 b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{d} - \frac{15 a b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{2 d} - \frac{5 a^4 b \cos [c+d x]}{d} +$$

$$\frac{10 a^2 b^3 \cos [c+d x]}{d} - \frac{b^5 \cos [c+d x]}{d} + \frac{10 a^2 b^3 \sec [c+d x]}{d} - \frac{2 b^5 \sec [c+d x]}{d} + \frac{b^5 \sec [c+d x]^3}{3 d} +$$

$$\frac{a^5 \sin [c+d x]}{d} - \frac{10 a^3 b^2 \sin [c+d x]}{d} + \frac{15 a b^4 \sin [c+d x]}{2 d} + \frac{5 a b^4 \sin [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]^2}{2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 892 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{b^3 (-60 a^2 + 11 b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{6 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} - \\
 & \frac{b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^6 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} - \\
 & \left(5 (4 a^3 b^2 - 3 a b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(2 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(5 (4 a^3 b^2 - 3 a b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(2 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \left((15 a b^4 + b^5) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(12 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(b^5 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(6 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) - \\
 & \left(b^5 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(6 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left((-15 a b^4 + b^5) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(12 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(60 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - 11 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(6 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(-60 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + 11 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(6 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \frac{a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 102: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 147 leaves, 6 steps):

$$a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) x - \frac{b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]]}{d} + \frac{4 a b^2 (a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]}{d} +$$

$$\frac{b (3 a^2 - b^2) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2}{2 d} + \frac{2 a b (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3}{3 d} + \frac{b (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^4}{4 d}$$

Result (type 3, 369 leaves):

$$\frac{b^5 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{4 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} - \frac{b^3 (-5 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\frac{a (a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 5 b^4) (c + d x) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\left((-5 a^4 b + 10 a^2 b^3 - b^5) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) /$$

$$\left(d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \frac{5 a b^4 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{3 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\left(10 \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^4 (3 a^3 b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] - 2 a b^4 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) /$$

$$\left(3 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right)$$

Problem 103: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^6 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 224 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\frac{a^5 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{d} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{d} + \frac{15 a b^4 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{8 d} +$$

$$\frac{5 a^4 b \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]}{d} - \frac{10 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]}{d} + \frac{b^5 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]}{d} + \frac{10 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{3 d} -$$

$$\frac{2 b^5 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{3 d} + \frac{b^5 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5}{5 d} + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]}{d} -$$

$$\frac{15 a b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]}{8 d} + \frac{5 a b^4 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x] \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]^3}{4 d}$$

Result (type 3, 1219 leaves):

$$\frac{b (600 a^4 - 1000 a^2 b^2 + 89 b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5}{120 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5} +$$

$$\left((-8 a^5 + 40 a^3 b^2 - 15 a b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right)$$

$$(a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 / \left(8 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) +$$

$$\left((8 a^5 - 40 a^3 b^2 + 15 a b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right)$$

$$(a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 / \left(8 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) +$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left((25 a b^4 + 2 b^5) \cos [c + d x]^5 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left((600 a^3 b^2 + 200 a^2 b^3 - 375 a b^4 - 31 b^5) \cos [c + d x]^5 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(240 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(b^5 \cos [c + d x]^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) - \\
 & \left(b^5 \cos [c + d x]^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(20 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^5 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left((-25 a b^4 + 2 b^5) \cos [c + d x]^5 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(80 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^4 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left((-600 a^3 b^2 + 200 a^2 b^3 + 375 a b^4 - 31 b^5) \cos [c + d x]^5 (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(240 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\cos [c + d x]^5 \left(-600 a^4 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 1000 a^2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 89 b^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(120 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\cos [c + d x]^5 \left(200 a^2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 31 b^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(120 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\cos [c + d x]^5 \left(-200 a^2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 31 b^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(120 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
 & \left(\cos [c + d x]^5 \left(600 a^4 b \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 1000 a^2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 89 b^5 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a + b \tan [c + d x])^5 \right) / \\
 & \left(120 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^5 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 104: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c + dx]^7 (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(b + a \text{Cot}[c + dx])^6 \text{Tan}[c + dx]^6}{6 b d}$$

Result (type 3, 370 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{b^3 (-5 a^2 + b^2) \text{Cos}[c + dx] (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5}{2 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5} + \\ & \frac{b (5 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \text{Cos}[c + dx]^3 (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5}{2 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5} + \\ & \frac{b^5 \text{Sec}[c + dx] (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5}{6 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5} + \frac{a b^4 \text{Sin}[c + dx] (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5}{d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5} + \\ & \left(2 \text{Cos}[c + dx]^2 (5 a^3 b^2 \text{Sin}[c + dx] - 3 a b^4 \text{Sin}[c + dx]) (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5 \right) / \\ & \left(3 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5 \right) + \\ & \left(\text{Cos}[c + dx]^4 (3 a^5 \text{Sin}[c + dx] - 10 a^3 b^2 \text{Sin}[c + dx] + 3 a b^4 \text{Sin}[c + dx]) (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5 \right) / \\ & \left(3 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5 \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 105: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c + dx]^8 (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 318 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^5 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{2 d} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{4 d} + \\ & \frac{5 a b^4 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{16 d} + \frac{5 a^4 b \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3}{3 d} - \frac{10 a^2 b^3 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3}{3 d} + \\ & \frac{b^5 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3}{3 d} + \frac{2 a^2 b^3 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^5}{d} - \frac{2 b^5 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^5}{5 d} + \frac{b^5 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^7}{7 d} + \\ & \frac{a^5 \text{Sec}[c + dx] \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{2 d} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \text{Sec}[c + dx] \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{4 d} + \\ & \frac{5 a b^4 \text{Sec}[c + dx] \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{16 d} + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{2 d} - \\ & \frac{5 a b^4 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{8 d} + \frac{5 a b^4 \text{Sec}[c + dx]^3 \text{Tan}[c + dx]^3}{6 d} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1677 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b (1400 a^4 - 1540 a^2 b^2 + 103 b^4) \text{Cos}[c + dx]^5 (a + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^5}{1680 d (a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^5} + \\ & \left((-8 a^5 + 20 a^3 b^2 - 5 a b^4) \text{Cos}[c + dx]^5 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ (16d (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5) + \\
& \left((8a^5 - 20a^3b^2 + 5ab^4) \cos[c + dx]^5 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ (16d (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5) + \right. \\
& \left. (35a^4 + 3b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(336d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^6 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (350a^3b^2 + 140a^2b^3 - 175a^4 - 18b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(560d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^4 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (840a^5 + 1400a^4b - 2100a^3b^2 - 1540a^2b^3 + 525a^4 + 103b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(3360d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^2 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (b^5 \cos[c + dx]^5 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(56d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^7 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) - \right. \\
& \left. (b^5 \cos[c + dx]^5 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(56d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^7 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (-35a^4 + 3b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(336d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^6 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (-350a^3b^2 + 140a^2b^3 + 175a^4 - 18b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(560d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^4 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. (-840a^5 + 1400a^4b + 2100a^3b^2 - 1540a^2b^3 - 525a^4 + 103b^5) \cos[c + dx]^5 (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(3360d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^2 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \cos[c + dx]^5 \left(-1400a^4b \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + 1540a^2b^3 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - 103b^5 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b \tan[c + dx])^5 \Big/ \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(1680d \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right)^3 (a \cos[c + dx] + b \sin[c + dx])^5 \right) + \right. \\
& \left. \cos[c + dx]^5 \left(-1400a^4b \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + 1540a^2b^3 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - 103b^5 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \Big/ \\
& \left(1680 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
& \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(70 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - 9 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
& \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(-70 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + 9 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(140 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
& \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(1400 a^4 b \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - 1540 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + 103 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(1680 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right)^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right) + \\
& \left(\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^5 \left(1400 a^4 b \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - 1540 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + 103 b^5 \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^5 \right) \Big/ \\
& \left(1680 d \left(\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^5 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 112: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3}{a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 119 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a b^2 x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{a x}{2(a^2 + b^2)} + \frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^2}{2(a^2 + b^2) d} + \\
& \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 d} + \frac{a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]}{2(a^2 + b^2) d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 143 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4(a^2 + b^2)^2 d} \left(2 a^3 c + 6 a b^2 c + 4 i b^3 c + 2 a^3 d x + 6 a b^2 d x + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 4 i b^3 d x - 4 i b^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]] + b(a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[2(c + d x)] + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2] + a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[2(c + d x)] + a b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[2(c + d x)] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 119: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^4}{a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 153 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{a \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{2 b^2 d} - \frac{a (a^2 + b^2) \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{b^4 d} - \\ & \frac{(a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \text{Cos}[c + d x] - a \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{b^4 d} + \\ & \frac{(a^2 + b^2) \text{Sec}[c + d x]}{b^3 d} + \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{3 b d} - \frac{a \text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{2 b^2 d} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 321 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{24 b^4 d} \left(48 (a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-b + a \text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right] + \right. \\ & \text{Sec}[c + d x]^3 \left(12 a^2 b + 20 b^3 + 12 b (a^2 + b^2) \text{Cos}[2(c + d x)] + \right. \\ & 6 a^3 \text{Cos}[3(c + d x)] \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + \\ & 9 a b^2 \text{Cos}[3(c + d x)] \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + 9 a (2 a^2 + 3 b^2) \text{Cos}[c + d x] \\ & \left. \left(\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) - \\ & 6 a^3 \text{Cos}[3(c + d x)] \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \\ & \left. \left. 9 a b^2 \text{Cos}[3(c + d x)] \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - 6 a b^2 \text{Sin}[2(c + d x)] \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 121: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^6}{a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 262 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 a \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{8 b^2 d} - \frac{a\left(a^2+b^2\right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{2 b^4 d} - \\
 & \frac{a\left(a^2+b^2\right)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{b^6 d} - \frac{\left(a^2+b^2\right)^{5 / 2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos [c+d x]-a \sin [c+d x]}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}\right]}{b^6 d} + \\
 & \frac{\left(a^2+b^2\right)^2 \sec [c+d x]}{b^5 d} + \frac{\left(a^2+b^2\right) \sec [c+d x]^3}{3 b^3 d} + \frac{\sec [c+d x]^5}{5 b d} - \frac{3 a \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{8 b^2 d} - \\
 & \frac{a\left(a^2+b^2\right) \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{2 b^4 d} - \frac{a \sec [c+d x]^3 \tan [c+d x]}{4 b^2 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1313 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(120 a^4 + 260 a^2 b^2 + 149 b^4 \right) \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(120 b^5 d \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left[2 \left(a - i b \right)^2 \left(a + i b \right)^2 \sqrt{a^2+b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \left(-b \cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] + a \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)}{a^2 \cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] + b^2 \cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right]} \right] \right] \\
 & \left. \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) \right) / \left(b^6 d \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left(\left(8 a^5 + 20 a^3 b^2 + 15 a b^4 \right) \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right] \right) \sec [c+d x] \\
 & \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) / \left(8 b^6 d \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right) \right) + \\
 & \left(\left(-8 a^5 - 20 a^3 b^2 - 15 a b^4 \right) \log \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right] \right) \sec [c+d x] \\
 & \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) / \left(8 b^6 d \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{\left(-5 a + 2 b \right) \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right)}{80 b^2 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)^4 \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right)} + \\
 & \left(\left(-60 a^3 + 20 a^2 b - 105 a b^2 + 29 b^3 \right) \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(240 b^4 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)^2 \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right) \right) + \\
 & \frac{\sec [c+d x] \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right)}{20 b d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)^5 \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right)} - \\
 & \frac{\sec [c+d x] \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right)}{20 b d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)^5 \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right)} + \\
 & \frac{\left(5 a + 2 b \right) \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right)}{80 b^2 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c+d x) \right] \right)^4 \left(a + b \tan [c+d x] \right)} + \\
 & \left(\left(60 a^3 + 20 a^2 b + 105 a b^2 + 29 b^3 \right) \sec [c+d x] \left(a \cos [c+d x] + b \sin [c+d x] \right) \right) /
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(240 b^4 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2 (a + b \tan [c + d x]) \right) + \\
 & \left(\sec [c + d x] \left(-20 a^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 29 b^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(120 b^3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a + b \tan [c + d x]) \right) + \\
 & \left(\sec [c + d x] \left(20 a^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 29 b^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(120 b^3 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3 (a + b \tan [c + d x]) \right) + \\
 & \left(\sec [c + d x] \left(-120 a^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 260 a^2 b^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - 149 b^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(120 b^5 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x]) \right) + \\
 & \left(\sec [c + d x] \left(120 a^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 260 a^2 b^2 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + 149 b^4 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(120 b^5 d \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) (a + b \tan [c + d x]) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 124: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos [c + d x]^2}{(a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 82 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2) x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{2 a b \operatorname{Log}[a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 d} - \frac{b}{(a^2 + b^2) d (a + b \tan [c + d x])}$$

Result (type 3, 192 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(a^2 \cos [c + d x] \left((a + i b)^2 (c + d x) + a b \operatorname{Log} \left[(a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right] \right) + \right. \\
 & \quad b \left((a + i b) (-i b^2 + a b (1 + i c + i d x) + a^2 (c + d x)) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. a^2 b \operatorname{Log} \left[(a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right] \right) \sin [c + d x] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2 i a^2 b \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(a (a^2 + b^2)^2 d (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 129: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{(a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 179 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{2 a^2 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{b^4 d} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{2 b^2 d} +$$

$$\frac{(a^2 + b^2) \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{b^4 d} + \frac{3 a \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \text{Cos}[c + d x] - a \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{b^4 d} -$$

$$\frac{2 a \text{Sec}[c + d x]}{b^3 d} - \frac{a^2 + b^2}{b^3 d (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])} + \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{2 b^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 709 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{(a - i b) (a + i b) \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])}{b^3 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \\
 & \frac{2 a \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2}{b^3 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \\
 & \left(6 a \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} (-b \operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] + a \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)])}{a^2 \operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] + b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)]} \right] \right) \\
 & \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2 \Big/ (b^4 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2) - \\
 & \left(3 (2 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] - \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)]] \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2 \right) \Big/ (2 b^4 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2) + \\
 & \left(3 (2 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)]] \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2 \right) \Big/ (2 b^4 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2) + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2}{4 b^2 d (\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] - \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)])^2 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \\
 & \frac{2 a \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2}{b^3 d (\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] - \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)]) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2}{4 b^2 d (\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)])^2 (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} + \\
 & \frac{2 a \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2}{b^3 d (\operatorname{Cos}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)] + \operatorname{Sin}[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)]) (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 132: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^3}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 122 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{a (a^2 - 3 b^2) x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} + \frac{b (3 a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3 d} - \\
 \frac{b}{2 (a^2 + b^2) d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \frac{2 a b}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])}$$

Result (type 3, 154 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2d} \left(\frac{2a(a^2 - 3b^2)(c + dx)}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{2b(-3a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{b^3}{(a - ib)^2 (a + ib)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^2} + \frac{6b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])} \right)$$

Problem 134: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[c + dx]}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 22 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2bd(a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + dx])^2}$$

Result (type 3, 57 leaves):

$$\frac{-b \operatorname{Cos}[2(c + dx)] + a \operatorname{Sin}[2(c + dx)]}{2(a^2 + b^2)d(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^2}$$

Problem 135: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] - a \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2(a^2 + b^2)^{3/2}d} - \frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] - a \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]}{2(a^2 + b^2)d(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^2}$$

Result (type 3, 132 leaves):

$$\left((a^2 + b^2)(-b \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + a \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx]) + 2\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{-b + a \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right] (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^2 \right) / (2(a - ib)^2 (a + ib)^2 d (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^2)$$

Problem 139: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + dx]^4}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + dx] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + dx])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 383 leaves, 31 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{4 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{b^6 d} - \frac{3 a \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{2 b^4 d} - \frac{6 a\left(a^2+b^2\right) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin [c+d x]]}{b^6 d} - \\
 & \frac{8 a^2 \sqrt{a^2+b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos [c+d x]-a \sin [c+d x]}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}\right]}{b^6 d} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos [c+d x]-a \sin [c+d x]}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}\right]}{2 b^4 d} - \\
 & \frac{2\left(a^2+b^2\right)^{3 / 2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \cos [c+d x]-a \sin [c+d x]}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}\right]}{b^6 d} + \frac{4 a^2 \sec [c+d x]}{b^5 d} + \\
 & \frac{2\left(a^2+b^2\right) \sec [c+d x]}{b^5 d} + \frac{\sec [c+d x]^3}{3 b^3 d} - \frac{\left(a^2+b^2\right)\left(b \cos [c+d x]-a \sin [c+d x]\right)}{2 b^4 d\left(a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x]\right)^2} + \\
 & \frac{4 a\left(a^2+b^2\right)}{b^5 d\left(a \cos [c+d x]+b \sin [c+d x]\right)} - \frac{3 a \sec [c+d x] \tan [c+d x]}{2 b^4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 688 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{12 b^6 d (a + b \tan [c + d x])^3} \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x]) \\
& \left(\frac{6 b^2 (a^2 + b^2)^2 \sin [c + d x]}{a} + \frac{6 (a - i b) (a + i b) b (8 a^2 - b^2) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])}{a} \right) + \\
& 2 b (36 a^2 + 13 b^2) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 + \\
& 60 \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} (4 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{-b + a \tan \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 + \\
& 30 a (4 a^2 + 3 b^2) \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 - \\
& 30 a (4 a^2 + 3 b^2) \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 + \\
& \frac{b^2 (-9 a + b) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} + \\
& \frac{2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3} + \\
& \left(2 b (36 a^2 + 13 b^2) \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
& \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] - \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) - \\
& \frac{2 b^3 \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^3} + \\
& \frac{b^2 (9 a + b) (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2}{\left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right)^2} - \\
& \left(2 b (36 a^2 + 13 b^2) \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] (a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^2 \right) / \\
& \left(\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] + \sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 140: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5}{(a \cos [c + d x] + b \sin [c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 232 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{(a^2 + b^2)^3}{2 a^2 b^5 d (b + a \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x])^2} - \frac{(5 a^2 - b^2) (a^2 + b^2)^2}{a^2 b^6 d (b + a \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x])} + \\
 & \frac{3 (a^2 + b^2) (5 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[b + a \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x]]}{b^7 d} + \frac{3 (a^2 + b^2) (5 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]]}{b^7 d} - \\
 & \frac{a (10 a^2 + 9 b^2) \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]}{b^6 d} + \frac{3 (2 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]^2}{2 b^5 d} - \frac{a \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]^3}{b^4 d} + \frac{\operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]^4}{4 b^3 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 530 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{(a - i b)^2 (a + i b)^2 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])}{2 b^5 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \left(3 (5 a^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]] \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \\
 & \left(b^7 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \left(3 (5 a^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]] \right. \\
 & \left. \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \right) / \left(b^7 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
 & \frac{(3 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3}{b^5 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^7 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3}{4 b^3 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \left(2 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 (5 a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] + 4 a b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]) \right) / \\
 & \left(b^6 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) - \left(5 \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^2 \right. \\
 & \left. (a^4 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] + 2 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] + b^4 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]) \right) / \left(b^6 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3 \right) - \\
 & \frac{a \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5 (a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]}{b^4 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 141: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]^4}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 165 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) x}{(a^2 + b^2)^4} + \frac{4 a b (a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^4 d} - \\
 & \frac{b}{3 (a^2 + b^2) d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{a b}{(a^2 + b^2)^2 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])^2} - \frac{b (3 a^2 - b^2)}{(a^2 + b^2)^3 d (a + b \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x])}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 419 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a^2 - 2ab - b^2)(a^2 + 2ab - b^2)(c + dx)}{(a - ib)^4(a + ib)^4d} + \\
& \frac{4(i a^{10}b + a^9b^2 + 2i a^8b^3 + 2a^7b^4 - 2i a^4b^7 - 2a^3b^8 - i a^2b^9 - a b^{10})(c + dx)}{(a - ib)^8(a + ib)^7d} - \frac{4i(a^3b - ab^3)\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[c + dx]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^4d} + \\
& \frac{2(a^3b - ab^3)\text{Log}[(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^2]}{(a^2 + b^2)^4d} + \\
& \frac{b^4 \text{Sin}[c + dx]}{3a(a - ib)^2(a + ib)^2d(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^3} - \\
& \frac{b^3(6a^2 + b^2)}{3a(a - ib)^3(a + ib)^3d(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^2} + \\
& \frac{2(9a^2b^2 \text{Sin}[c + dx] - 2b^4 \text{Sin}[c + dx])}{3a(a - ib)^3(a + ib)^3d(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 143: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cos}[c + dx]^2}{(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 30 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{Cot}[c + dx]^3}{3bd(b + a \text{Cot}[c + dx])^3}$$

Result (type 3, 124 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-6ab(a^2 + b^2)\text{Cos}[c + dx] + (-6a^3b + 2ab^3)\text{Cos}[3(c + dx)] + \\
& 2(a^2 - b^2)(3a^2 + b^2 + (3a^2 - b^2)\text{Cos}[2(c + dx)])\text{Sin}[c + dx]) / \\
& (12a(a^2 + b^2)^2d(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^3)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 146: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + dx]}{(a \text{Cos}[c + dx] + b \text{Sin}[c + dx])^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 231 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{b^4 d} + \frac{a \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \text{Cos}[c + d x] - a \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{2 b^2 (a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d} +$$

$$\frac{a \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b \text{Cos}[c + d x] - a \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}\right]}{b^4 \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} d} - \frac{1}{3 b d (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^3} +$$

$$\frac{a (b \text{Cos}[c + d x] - a \text{Sin}[c + d x])}{2 b^2 (a^2 + b^2) d (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^2} - \frac{1}{b^3 d (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])}$$

Result (type 3, 478 leaves):

$$- \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])}{3 b d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4} +$$

$$\frac{(-2 a^2 - b^2) \text{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^3}{2 b^3 (-i a + b) (i a + b) d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4} -$$

$$\left(a \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} (2 a^2 + 3 b^2) \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} (-b \text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right] + a \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right])}{a^2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right] + b^2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]}\right] \right)$$

$$\text{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^4 \Big/ \left((a^4 b^4 + 2 a^2 b^6 + b^8) d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4 \right) -$$

$$\left(\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]\right] \text{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^4 \right) \Big/$$

$$(b^4 d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4) +$$

$$\left(\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]\right] \text{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^4 \right) \Big/$$

$$(b^4 d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4) - \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + b \text{Sin}[c + d x])^2 \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{2 b^2 d (a + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^4}$$

Problem 169: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]}{(a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + i a \text{Sin}[c + d x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, 8 steps):

$$- \frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{a^2 d} + \frac{2 i \text{Cos}[c + d x]}{a^2 d} + \frac{2 \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{a^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 184 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(\text{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \left(2 i + \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \left. \left. \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right]\right) \right) + \left(2 + i \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) - \\
 & \quad \left. i \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\text{Cos}\left[\frac{3}{2}(c + d x)\right] + i \text{Sin}\left[\frac{3}{2}(c + d x)\right] \right) \right) \Big/ \left(a^2 d \left(-i + \text{Tan}[c + d x] \right)^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 171: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{\left(a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + i a \text{Sin}[c + d x] \right)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 56 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{3 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{2 a^2 d} - \frac{2 i \text{Sec}[c + d x]}{a^2 d} - \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{2 a^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 146 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{1}{4 a^2 d} \\
 & \text{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \left(8 i \text{Cos}[c + d x] + 3 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + 3 \text{Cos}\left[2(c + d x)\right] \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 3 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + 2 \text{Sin}[c + d x] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 173: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^5}{\left(a \text{Cos}[c + d x] + i a \text{Sin}[c + d x] \right)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 84 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{5 \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{8 a^2 d} - \frac{2 i \text{Sec}[c + d x]^3}{3 a^2 d} + \frac{5 \text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{8 a^2 d} - \frac{\text{Sec}[c + d x]^3 \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{4 a^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 215 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{1}{192 a^2 d} \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^4 \\
 & \left(128 i \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + 45 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + 60 \operatorname{Cos}[2(c + d x)] \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) + \right. \\
 & \quad 15 \operatorname{Cos}[4(c + d x)] \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) - \\
 & \quad \left. 45 \operatorname{Log}\left[\operatorname{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + 18 \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x] - 30 \operatorname{Sin}[3(c + d x)] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 179: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[c + d x]}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + i a \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 32 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{i \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x]^2}{2 a^3 d (i + \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x])^2}$$

Result (type 3, 77 leaves):

$$\frac{i \operatorname{Cos}[2(c + d x)]}{4 a^3 d} + \frac{i \operatorname{Cos}[4(c + d x)]}{8 a^3 d} + \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[2(c + d x)]}{4 a^3 d} + \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[4(c + d x)]}{8 a^3 d}$$

Problem 185: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^5}{(a \operatorname{Cos}[c + d x] + i a \operatorname{Sin}[c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 34 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{i (i - \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x])^4 \operatorname{Tan}[c + d x]^4}{4 a^3 d}$$

Result (type 3, 90 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{1}{4 a^3 d} i \operatorname{Sec}[c] \operatorname{Sec}[c + d x]^4 (3 \operatorname{Cos}[c] + 2 \operatorname{Cos}[c + 2 d x] + 2 \operatorname{Cos}[3 c + 2 d x] - \\
 & \quad 3 i \operatorname{Sin}[c] + 2 i \operatorname{Sin}[c + 2 d x] - 2 i \operatorname{Sin}[3 c + 2 d x] + i \operatorname{Sin}[3 c + 4 d x])
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 188: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{Sec}[x] + \operatorname{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 3 steps):

$\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]]$

Result (type 3, 16 leaves):

$$2 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 191: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{\text{Sec}[x] + \text{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 3 steps):

$$x + \frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{1 + \text{Sin}[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$x - \frac{2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 192: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cot}[x]}{\text{Sec}[x] + \text{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 9 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-x - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 20 leaves):

$$-x - \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 193: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[x]}{\text{Sec}[x] + \text{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{1 + \text{Sin}[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 23 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 199: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cot}[x]}{\text{Sec}[x] - \text{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 7 leaves, 4 steps):

$$x - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 18 leaves):

$$x - \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 200: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[x]}{\text{Sec}[x] - \text{Tan}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{Cos}[x]}{1 - \text{Sin}[x]}$$

Result (type 3, 25 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{\text{Cos}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}$$

Problem 203: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin}[x]}{\text{Cot}[x] + \text{Csc}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 6 leaves, 3 steps):

$$x - \text{Sin}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 14 leaves):

$$2 \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\text{Sin}[x]}{2} \right)$$

Problem 205: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{\text{Cot}[x] + \text{Csc}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 7 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-x + \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 36 leaves):

$$-x - \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]$$

Problem 209: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sin}[x]}{-\text{Cot}[x] + \text{Csc}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 4 leaves, 3 steps):

$$x + \text{Sin}[x]$$

Result (type 3, 14 leaves):

$$2 \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\text{Sin}[x]}{2} \right)$$

Problem 211: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{-\text{Cot}[x] + \text{Csc}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 5 leaves, 4 steps):

$$x + \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 46 leaves):

$$2 \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] \right)$$

Problem 215: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\text{Csc}[c + dx] + \text{Sin}[c + dx]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 23 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[c+dx]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2} d}$$

Result (type 3, 61 leaves):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[c] - (-i + \text{Sin}[c]) \text{Tan}\left[\frac{dx}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right] + \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[c] - (i + \text{Sin}[c]) \text{Tan}\left[\frac{dx}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2} d}$$

Problem 218: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[c + dx]}{\text{Csc}[c + dx] + \text{Sin}[c + dx]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 29 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{2d} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{2d}$$

Result (type 3, 63 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2d} \left(\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]] + \text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] - \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] \right] - \text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] + \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] \right] \right)$$

Problem 225: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[c + dx]}{\text{Csc}[c + dx] - \text{Sin}[c + dx]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 34 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{2d} + \frac{\text{Sec}[c + dx] \text{Tan}[c + dx]}{2d}$$

Result (type 3, 69 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2d} \left(\text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] - \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] \right] - \text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] + \text{Sin} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \right] \right] + \text{Sec}[c + dx] \text{Tan}[c + dx] \right)$$

Problem 226: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cot}[c + dx]}{\text{Csc}[c + dx] - \text{Sin}[c + dx]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 11 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + dx]]}{d}$$

Result (type 3, 68 leaves):

$$-\frac{\text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right] - \text{Sin} \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right] \right]}{d} + \frac{\text{Log} \left[\text{Cos} \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right] + \text{Sin} \left[\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right] \right]}{d}$$

Problem 240: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c + dx] (a \text{Sin}[c + dx] + b \text{Tan}[c + dx])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 90 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-2 a b x + \frac{(2 a^2 - b^2) \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{2 d} - \frac{3 a^2 \text{Sin}[c + d x]}{2 d} +$$

$$\frac{a b \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{d} + \frac{(b + a \text{Cos}[c + d x])^2 \text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 265 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{4 d} \text{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \left(4 a b c + 4 a b d x + \right.$$

$$2 a^2 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] - b^2 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] -$$

$$2 a^2 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + b^2 \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] +$$

$$\text{Cos}[2(c + d x)] \left(4 a b (c + d x) + (2 a^2 - b^2) \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + \right.$$

$$\left. (-2 a^2 + b^2) \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) +$$

$$\left. (a^2 - 2 b^2) \text{Sin}[c + d x] - 4 a b \text{Sin}[2(c + d x)] + a^2 \text{Sin}[3(c + d x)] \right)$$

Problem 241: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c + d x]^2 (a \text{Sin}[c + d x] + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 99 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-a^2 x - \frac{a b \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d x]]}{d} + \frac{(2 a^2 - b^2) \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{3 d} +$$

$$\frac{a b \text{Sec}[c + d x] \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{3 d} + \frac{(b + a \text{Cos}[c + d x])^2 \text{Sec}[c + d x]^2 \text{Tan}[c + d x]}{3 d}$$

Result (type 3, 201 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{12 d} \text{Sec}[c + d x]^3 \left(-9 a \text{Cos}[c + d x] \left(a (c + d x) - \right.$$

$$b \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + b \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) -$$

$$3 a \text{Cos}[3(c + d x)] \left(a (c + d x) - b \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] - \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] + \right.$$

$$\left. b \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right] + \text{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]\right] \right) +$$

$$2 \left(3 a^2 + b^2 + 6 a b \text{Cos}[c + d x] + (3 a^2 - b^2) \text{Cos}[2(c + d x)] \right) \text{Sin}[c + d x] \right)$$

Problem 242: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Sec}[c + d x]^3 (a \text{Sin}[c + d x] + b \text{Tan}[c + d x])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 125 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{(4a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]}{8d} - \frac{2ab \tan[c + dx]}{3d} + \frac{(2a^2 - b^2) \sec[c + dx] \tan[c + dx]}{8d} + \\
 & \frac{ab \sec[c + dx]^2 \tan[c + dx]}{6d} + \frac{(b + a \cos[c + dx])^2 \sec[c + dx]^3 \tan[c + dx]}{4d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 336 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{192d} \sec[c + dx]^4 \\
 & \left(36a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + 9b^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) + \\
 & 12(4a^2 + b^2) \cos[2(c + dx)] \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) + 3(4a^2 + b^2) \cos[4(c + dx)] \\
 & \left(\operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] - \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] \right) - \\
 & 36a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] - 9b^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right] + \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right]\right] + \\
 & 24a^2 \sin[c + dx] + 42b^2 \sin[c + dx] + 32ab \sin[2(c + dx)] + \\
 & 24a^2 \sin[3(c + dx)] - 6b^2 \sin[3(c + dx)] - 16ab \sin[4(c + dx)] \Big)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 264: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[c + dx]^3}{(a \sin[c + dx] + b \tan[c + dx])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 248 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b^6}{2a^3(a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \cos[c + dx])^2} - \frac{2b^5(3a^2 - b^2)}{a^3(a^2 - b^2)^3 d (b + a \cos[c + dx])} - \\
 & \frac{(a(a^2 + 3b^2) - b(3a^2 + b^2) \cos[c + dx]) \operatorname{Csc}[c + dx]^2}{2(a^2 - b^2)^3 d} - \frac{(2a + 5b) \operatorname{Log}[1 - \cos[c + dx]]}{4(a + b)^4 d} - \\
 & \frac{(2a - 5b) \operatorname{Log}[1 + \cos[c + dx]]}{4(a - b)^4 d} - \frac{b^4(15a^4 - 4a^2b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos[c + dx]]}{a^3(a^2 - b^2)^4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 713 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^6 (b + a \cos [c + d x]) \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 a^3 (-a + b)^2 (a + b)^2 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{2 b^5 (-3 a^2 + b^2) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{a^3 (-a + b)^3 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{2 i (a^5 - 4 a^3 b^2 - 9 a b^4) (c + d x) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(a - b)^4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{i (-2 a - 5 b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{i (-2 a + 5 b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \left((-2 a + 5 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) / \\
& \left(4 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
& \left((-15 a^4 b^4 + 4 a^2 b^6 - b^8) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos [c + d x]] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) / \\
& \left(a^3 (-a^2 + b^2)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
& \left((-2 a - 5 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) / \\
& \left(4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) + \\
& \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (-a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 265: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos [c + d x]^2}{(a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 232 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b^5}{2 a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2} + \frac{b^4 (5 a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])} + \\
& \frac{(b (3 a^2 + b^2) - a (a^2 + 3 b^2) \cos [c + d x]) \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d} - \frac{(a + 4 b) \operatorname{Log}[1 - \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a + b)^4 d} + \\
& \frac{(a - 4 b) \operatorname{Log}[1 + \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a - b)^4 d} + \frac{2 b^3 (5 a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos [c + d x]]}{(a^2 - b^2)^4 d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 477 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{b^5 (b + a \cos [c + d x]) \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 a^2 (-a + b)^2 (a + b)^2 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{b^4 (-5 a^2 + b^2) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{a^2 (-a + b)^3 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Csc} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{(a - 4 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{\left(2 (5 a^2 b^3 + b^5) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} [b + a \cos [c + d x]] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) /}{\left((-a^2 + b^2)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) +} \\
 & \frac{(-a - 4 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (-a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 266: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos [c + d x]}{(a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 211 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b^4}{2 a (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2} - \frac{4 a b^3}{(a^2 - b^2)^3 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])} \\
 & \frac{(a (a^2 + 3 b^2) - b (3 a^2 + b^2) \cos [c + d x]) \operatorname{Csc} [c + d x]^2}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d} - \frac{3 b \operatorname{Log} [1 - \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a + b)^4 d} + \\
 & \frac{3 b \operatorname{Log} [1 + \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a - b)^4 d} - \frac{6 a b^2 (a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log} [b + a \cos [c + d x]]}{(a^2 - b^2)^4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 458 leaves):

$$\frac{b^4 (b + a \cos [c + d x]) \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 a (-a + b)^2 (a + b)^2 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} +$$

$$\frac{4 a b^3 (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(-a + b)^3 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} -$$

$$\frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Csc} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} +$$

$$\frac{3 b (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} \left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} -$$

$$\frac{\left(6 (a^3 b^2 + a b^4) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} [b + a \cos [c + d x]] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) /}{\left((-a^2 + b^2)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) -}$$

$$\frac{3 b (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log} \left[\sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right] \right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} +$$

$$\frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Sec} \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x) \right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (-a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3}$$

Problem 267: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 229 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{b^3}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2} + \frac{b^2 (3 a^2 + b^2)}{(a^2 - b^2)^3 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])} +$$

$$\frac{(b (3 a^2 + b^2) - a (a^2 + 3 b^2) \cos [c + d x]) \operatorname{Csc} [c + d x]^2}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d} + \frac{(a - 2 b) \operatorname{Log} [1 - \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a + b)^4 d} -$$

$$\frac{(a + 2 b) \operatorname{Log} [1 + \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a - b)^4 d} + \frac{b (3 a^4 + 8 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{Log} [b + a \cos [c + d x]]}{(a^2 - b^2)^4 d}$$

Result (type 3, 696 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{b^3 (b + a \cos [c + d x]) \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^2 (a + b)^2 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{b^2 (3 a^2 + b^2) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(-a + b)^3 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{2 i (3 a^4 b + 8 a^2 b^3 + b^5) (c + d x) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(a - b)^4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{i (-a - 2 b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{i (a - 2 b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{(-a - 2 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{4 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
 & \frac{\left((3 a^4 b + 8 a^2 b^3 + b^5) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos [c + d x]] \tan [c + d x]^3 \right) /}{\left((-a^2 + b^2)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3 \right) +} \\
 & \frac{(a - 2 b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
 & \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (-a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 268: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec [c + d x]}{(a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 231 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a b^2}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2} - \frac{2 a b (a^2 + b^2)}{(a^2 - b^2)^3 d (b + a \cos [c + d x])} - \\
 & \frac{(a (a^2 + 3 b^2) - b (3 a^2 + b^2) \cos [c + d x]) \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{2 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d} + \frac{(2 a - b) \operatorname{Log}[1 - \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a + b)^4 d} + \\
 & \frac{(2 a + b) \operatorname{Log}[1 + \cos [c + d x]]}{4 (a - b)^4 d} - \frac{a (a^4 + 8 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4) \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos [c + d x]]}{(a^2 - b^2)^4 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 703 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a b^2 (b + a \cos [c + d x]) \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^2 (a + b)^2 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \frac{2 a b (-i a + b) (i a + b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(-a + b)^3 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \frac{2 i (a^5 + 8 a^3 b^2 + 3 a b^4) (c + d x) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{(a - b)^4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{i (2 a - b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{i (2 a + b) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\tan [c + d x]] (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \tan [c + d x]^3}{2 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} - \\
& \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Csc}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \frac{(2 a + b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\cos \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{4 (-a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \frac{\left((-a^5 - 8 a^3 b^2 - 3 a b^4) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}[b + a \cos [c + d x]] \tan [c + d x]^3\right) /}{\left((-a^2 + b^2)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3\right) +} \\
& \frac{(2 a - b) (b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[\sin \left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]^2\right] \tan [c + d x]^3}{4 (a + b)^4 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3} + \\
& \frac{(b + a \cos [c + d x])^3 \operatorname{Sec}\left[\frac{1}{2} (c + d x)\right]^2 \tan [c + d x]^3}{8 (-a + b)^3 d (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 272: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \cos [c + d x]^m (a \sin [c + d x] + b \tan [c + d x])^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 264 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos[c + dx]^{-1+m} \sin[c + dx]}{dm(2+m)} - \\
& \frac{2ab \cos[c + dx]^m \sin[c + dx]}{d(2+3m+m^2)} - \frac{\cos[c + dx]^{-1+m} (b + a \cos[c + dx])^2 \sin[c + dx]}{d(2+m)} - \\
& \left((a^2(1-m) - b^2(2+m)) \cos[c + dx]^{-1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1+m), \frac{1+m}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. \sin[c + dx] \right) / \left(d(1-m)m(2+m) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2} \right) - \\
& \left(2ab \cos[c + dx]^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \cos[c + dx]^2\right] \sin[c + dx] \right) / \\
& \left(dm(1+m) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 5, 890 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(b^2 \cos [c+d x]^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1+m), \frac{1+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \sin [c+d x] (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) \right) / \\
& \quad \left(4096 d (-1+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 (\sin [c+d x]^2)^{3/2} \right) - \\
& \left(a b \cos [c+d x]^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \sin [c+d x] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2048 d m (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 (\sin [c+d x]^2)^{3/2} \right) - \\
& \left(a^2 \cos [c+d x]^{3+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \sin [c+d x] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2 d (1+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 (\sin [c+d x]^2)^{3/2} \right) - \\
& \left(4095 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^{1+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1+m), \frac{1+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(4096 d (-1+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right) - \\
& \left(4095 a b \cos [c+d x]^{2+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2048 d m (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right) - \\
& \left(a^2 \cos [c+d x]^{3+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2 d (1+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right) + \\
& \left(4095 b^2 \cos [c+d x]^{3+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(4096 d (1+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right) + \\
& \left(4095 a b \cos [c+d x]^{4+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2048 d (2+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right) + \\
& \left(a^2 \cos [c+d x]^{5+m} \operatorname{Csc} [c+d x] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \cos [c+d x]^2 \right] \right. \\
& \quad \left. (a \sin [c+d x] + b \tan [c+d x])^2 \right) / \left(2 d (3+m) (b+a \cos [c+d x])^2 \sqrt{\sin [c+d x]^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 276: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\cos [x] \sin [x]^2}{a \cos [x] + b \sin [x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 92 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{a b^2 x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{a x}{2(a^2 + b^2)} + \frac{a^2 b \operatorname{Log}[a \cos [x] + b \sin [x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{a \cos [x] \sin [x]}{2(a^2 + b^2)} + \frac{b \sin [x]^2}{2(a^2 + b^2)}$$

Result (type 3, 153 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{8(a^2+b^2)^2} \\
 & \left(-2a^3x - 6ia^2bx + 6ab^2x + 2ib^3x - 2ib(-3a^2+b^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] + 2b(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[2x] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2(a^2+b^2)(ax + b \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]]) - 3a^2b \operatorname{Log}[(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x])^2] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. b^3 \operatorname{Log}[(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x])^2] + 2a^3 \operatorname{Sin}[2x] + 2ab^2 \operatorname{Sin}[2x] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 278: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 93 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{a^2bx}{(a^2+b^2)^2} + \frac{bx}{2(a^2+b^2)} - \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]]}{(a^2+b^2)^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[x] \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{2(a^2+b^2)} + \frac{a \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{2(a^2+b^2)}$$

Result (type 3, 82 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{4(a^2+b^2)^2} \left(4ia^2b^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] - a(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{Cos}[2x] - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 2b((a+ib)^2x + ab \operatorname{Log}[(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x])^2]) + b(a^2+b^2) \operatorname{Sin}[2x] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 280: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Cos}[x]^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^3}{a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 176 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{a^2b^3x}{(a^2+b^2)^3} - \frac{a^2bx}{2(a^2+b^2)^2} + \frac{bx}{8(a^2+b^2)} - \frac{a^3b^2 \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]]}{(a^2+b^2)^3} + \\
 & \frac{a^2b \operatorname{Cos}[x] \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{2(a^2+b^2)^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[x] \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{8(a^2+b^2)} - \frac{b \operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{4(a^2+b^2)} - \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{2(a^2+b^2)^2} + \frac{a \operatorname{Sin}[x]^4}{4(a^2+b^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 178 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{32(a^2+b^2)^3} \\
 & \left(-12a^4bx - 32ia^3b^2x + 24a^2b^3x + 4b^5x + 32ia^3b^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] - 4a(a^4-b^4) \operatorname{Cos}[2x] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. a^5 \operatorname{Cos}[4x] + 2a^3b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[4x] + ab^4 \operatorname{Cos}[4x] - 16a^3b^2 \operatorname{Log}[(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x])^2] + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 8a^4b \operatorname{Sin}[2x] + 8a^2b^3 \operatorname{Sin}[2x] - a^4b \operatorname{Sin}[4x] - 2a^2b^3 \operatorname{Sin}[4x] - b^5 \operatorname{Sin}[4x] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 282: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x]^3 \sin[x]^2}{a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 175 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\frac{a^3 b^2 x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{a b^2 x}{2 (a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{a x}{8 (a^2 + b^2)} - \frac{b \cos[x]^4}{4 (a^2 + b^2)} + \frac{a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{a b^2 \cos[x] \sin[x]}{2 (a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{a \cos[x] \sin[x]}{8 (a^2 + b^2)} - \frac{a \cos[x]^3 \sin[x]}{4 (a^2 + b^2)} - \frac{a^2 b \sin[x]^2}{2 (a^2 + b^2)^2}$$

Result (type 3, 287 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{32 (a^2 + b^2)^3} \left(-4 a^5 x + 4 i a^4 b x - 24 a^3 b^2 x - 24 i a^2 b^3 x + 12 a b^4 x + 4 i b^5 x - 4 i b (a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] + 4 b (-a^4 + b^4) \cos[2x] + a^4 b \cos[4x] + 2 a^2 b^3 \cos[4x] + b^5 \cos[4x] - 4 a^4 b \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]] - 8 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]] - 4 b^5 \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]] + 2 a^4 b \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2] - 12 a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2] + 2 b^5 \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2] + 8 a^3 b^2 \sin[2x] + 8 a b^4 \sin[2x] + a^5 \sin[4x] + 2 a^3 b^2 \sin[4x] + a b^4 \sin[4x] \right)$$

Problem 284: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x] \sin[x]}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 70 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{2 a b x}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{Log}[a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{b \sin[x]}{(a^2 + b^2) (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])}$$

Result (type 3, 144 leaves):

$$\left(a \cos[x] (-2 i (a + i b)^2 x + (-a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2]) + b (2 (a + i b) (a (-1 - i x) + b (i + x)) + (-a^2 + b^2) \operatorname{Log}[(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2]) \sin[x] + 2 i (a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]) \right) / \left(2 (a^2 + b^2)^2 (a \cos[x] + b \sin[x]) \right)$$

Problem 286: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x] \sin[x]^3}{(a \cos[x] + b \sin[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 129 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\frac{b(3a^3 - ab^2)x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{a^2(a^2 - 3b^2)\text{Log}[a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{ab\text{Cos}[x]\text{Sin}[x]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)\text{Sin}[x]^2}{2(a^2 + b^2)^2} - \frac{a^2b\text{Sin}[x]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])}$$

Result (type 3, 226 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4(a^2 + b^2)^3(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])} \left(4i a^2(a^2 - 3b^2)\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[x]](a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x]) + a\text{Cos}[x] \left((a^4 - b^4)\text{Cos}[2x] + 2a \left(2(i a - b)^3 x - a(a^2 - 3b^2)\text{Log}[(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2] - b(a^2 + b^2)\text{Sin}[2x] \right) \right) - b\text{Sin}[x] \left((-a^4 + b^4)\text{Cos}[2x] + 2a \left(2(a^3(1 + ix) + ab^2(1 - 3ix) - 3a^2bx + b^3x) + a(a^2 - 3b^2)\text{Log}[(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2] + b(a^2 + b^2)\text{Sin}[2x] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 290: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}{(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 128 leaves, 17 steps):

$$-\frac{ab(a^2 - 3b^2)x}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} - \frac{b^2(3a^2 - b^2)\text{Log}[a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x]]}{(a^2 + b^2)^3} + \frac{ab\text{Cos}[x]\text{Sin}[x]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)\text{Sin}[x]^2}{2(a^2 + b^2)^2} + \frac{ab^2\text{Cos}[x]}{(a^2 + b^2)^2(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])}$$

Result (type 3, 221 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4(a^2 + b^2)^3(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])} \left(-4ib^2(-3a^2 + b^2)\text{ArcTan}[\text{Tan}[x]](a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x]) - a\text{Cos}[x] \left((a^4 - b^4)\text{Cos}[2x] + 2b \left(2(a + ib)^3 x - b(-3a^2 + b^2)\text{Log}[(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2] - a(a^2 + b^2)\text{Sin}[2x] \right) \right) + b\text{Sin}[x] \left((-a^4 + b^4)\text{Cos}[2x] + 2b \left(-2(a + ib)(a^2x - b^2(ix + x) + a(b + 2ibx)) + (-3a^2b + b^3)\text{Log}[(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2] + a(a^2 + b^2)\text{Sin}[2x] \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 292: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]^3}{(a\text{Cos}[x] + b\text{Sin}[x])^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 210 leaves, 48 steps):

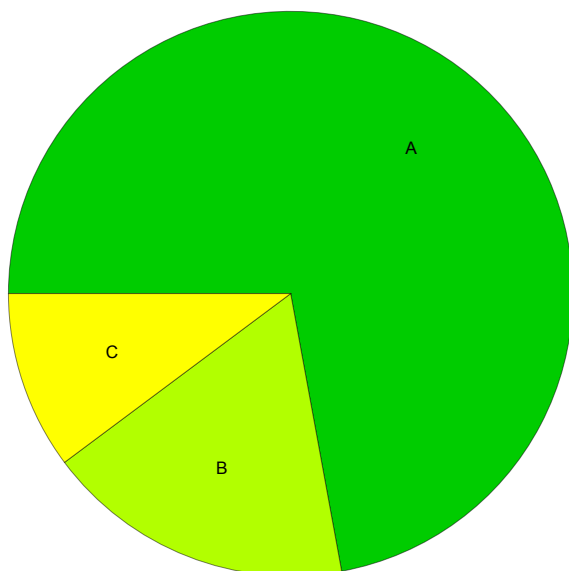
$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{3 a b \left(a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4 \right) x}{4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^4} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Cos}[x]^4}{4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2} - \\
 & \frac{3 a^2 b^2 \left(a^2 - b^2 \right) \operatorname{Log}[a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]]}{\left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^4} + \frac{a b \left(5 a^2 - 3 b^2 \right) \operatorname{Cos}[x] \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^3} - \\
 & \frac{a b \operatorname{Cos}[x]^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{2 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2} - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2}{\left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^3} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^4}{4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2} - \frac{a^2 b^3 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{\left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^3 \left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 409 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{32 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^4} \left(-12 a b \left(a^2 - 3 b^2 \right) \left(3 a^2 - b^2 \right) x + 6 i \left(a^6 - 15 a^4 b^2 + 15 a^2 b^4 - b^6 \right) x - \right. \\
 & 6 i \left(a^6 - 15 a^4 b^2 + 15 a^2 b^4 - b^6 \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] - 4 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right) \left(a^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 + b^4 \right) \operatorname{Cos}[2 x] + \\
 & \left. \left(a^2 - b^2 \right) \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2 \operatorname{Cos}[4 x] + 3 \left(a^6 - 15 a^4 b^2 + 15 a^2 b^4 - b^6 \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right)^2 \right] + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2 b \left(a^2 + b^2 \right) \left(3 a^4 - 10 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4 \right) \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x]} + \right. \\
 & \left. \left(3 \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2 \left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] \left(-2 i \left(a + i b \right)^2 x + \left(-a^2 + b^2 \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right)^2 \right] \right) + \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. b \left(2 \left(a + i b \right) \left(a \left(-1 - i x \right) + b \left(i + x \right) \right) + \left(-a^2 + b^2 \right) \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right)^2 \right] \right) \operatorname{Sin}[x] + \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. 2 i \left(a^2 - b^2 \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tan}[x]] \left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right) \right) \right) / \\
 & \left. \left(a \operatorname{Cos}[x] + b \operatorname{Sin}[x] \right) + 16 a b \left(a^4 - b^4 \right) \operatorname{Sin}[2 x] - 2 a b \left(a^2 + b^2 \right)^2 \operatorname{Sin}[4 x] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

294 integration problems



A - 212 optimal antiderivatives

B - 52 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 30 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 0 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts